AGRICULTURAL.



THE WHEAT FLY.

The wheat fly, which committed so great

colour according to the light in which they are viewed. I have examined them with as if formed of rings, and coming to a sharp point at the extremity of the tail. The body has very much the appearance of a wheat maggot when in a full grown state; the colour is exactly the same.

The first day I discovered the fly this 4th of July in the evening, I found them depositing their eggs in the ears of barley. the young grass destroyed. The maggots produced from these eggs are now, and have been for the last two days, qute visible to the naked eye, and nearly full grown. I have seen barley on the 14th that I believe to be more than half destroyed, or that has maggot in more than half the grains, whether it will be destroved or not. The fly was last evening as active as on any previous evening, stinging the wheat ears, or depositing its eggs; and fruitless hunt, after his vagrant cows, which from their numbers, it is difficult to imagine how any wheat can escape. I have, with the glass, discovered the larvae in the wheat glumes, and they have now both life bage of the early summer; just before eand motion; in some ears they are visible merging from the forest upon the clearing to the naked eye. The fly remains con-cealed during the whole day about the roots, and does not come upon the ears, until it is near sunset, unless it is very in quest, probably of honey. A bear ascalm. Then perhaps twenty may be seen on one ear. I have used lime, which I descends it, being obliged to come down scattered over the wheat while the dew hind foremost.—My friend Dobson did not scattered over the wheat while the dew was upon it, to such an extent that in the like to be joined in his evening walk by evening it appeared as if white-wash had such a companion; and without reflecting was still as active after the lime was ap- ran up the tree from the opposite side noon. plied, as previously. I scattered about fif- from the animal's body, and just before he unavailing in checking the fly.

this year it was so much injured by the ly strong with his own. Nor could he use ble companions. The following sketch of lance with a resolution of that body requestions and land of authormaggot, but purchased seed from a farmer bis hinder paws to disembowel his antagowhich had not suffered by the fly last year, nist, as the manner of the bear is, inasmuch will afford some satisfaction to the phiconsequently it could not be the seed that as the trunk of the tree was between them. lanthrophic, to learn that the person who dition of Texas, as he could, in his judgproduced the fly with me this season. But Dobson's predicament, as he was en-Last year I made use of powerfully disin- dowed with rather the most reason, was will appear in the sequel) is gradually terests. They make a pamphlet of 23 pa- paper is the great instrument of civilization. fecting liquor in preparing my seed wheat, worse yet. He could no more assail the throwing off the trammels of superstition, ges of large Svo, but add nothing to the All the books ever written are but as a so that it was impossible that any animal- bear than the bear could assail him. Nor and will probably introduce a policy more culæ which might have been concealed in, could be venture to let him go, since the enlightened than that which has so long or attached to the grain, could have retain- presumption was, that Bruin would not obscured and blackened the character of ed their vitality, or produced the fly with make him a very gracious return for thus me last year. I would farther remark, that unceremoniously taking him by the hand. A distinguished German traveller, who my wheat was on new land never previous- The twilight was fast descending into dark. spent considerable time in Constantinople,

woodland and meadow. damaged wheat grew last year, and though children at the supportable, to say no-ship, were bestowed with a spirit of frankseveral times ploughed, the fly appeared about the young potatoe plants in countthe straw and chaff of last year's crop. I fore. Bruin, too, was probably somewhat grateful sentiments. do, nevertheless, believe that the flies are worried, although he could not describe grass seed last year a field of wheat that regular John Bull method of making known he was desirous of transmitting to the Sultimothy growing upon it, though the wheat stubble was long and is not yet rotted. and aching fingers as though the bear's ent, always to return one equal in value, Independence. In communicating to the Last evening the fly had disappeared from the barley, as it is now in too advanced a Mr. Sleeper's chimney, began to curl up the German wished to evade—he did not 10th, the particulars of the battle of San for them to feed upon. Hence the injury by the voice of the impatient sufferer, bear-present by an Englishman, who comman-have the honor to represent, is de facto the our last :may be less than the present appearance ing an axe upon his shoulder. Dobson ded a brig then in one of the government of Texas.... Feeling assured Mr. Glay, said he had risen more partic-

crop, but I fear a greater failure than in kind and estimable neighbor. any previous year. Another week will determine the matter.

upon it last year or this, and yet the fly has of fish as this? produced extensive injury in a barley crop now growing. It may be well to be ac- a tree there? I guess you ought to have

quainted with all these circumstances. Perhaps the only thing that the farmers can do, will be to desist from sowing wheat for two or three years, until the fly has Mr. Sleeper; and if you'd had hold of the been got rid of from their not having suit- paws of a black varmint all night, it strikes

Though the barley is not proof against it. made its appearance, and has already effect- suitable for receiving their eggs or larvae, what was the trouble?' ed much injury. Mr. Evans has a long and to serve for their food afterwards. The communication on the subject in this morn- turgid or corn wheat of England is said to laying up my log fence all day, and I thot' ing's Courier, which we regret we have not space to copy entire. The following to try this wheat, it might succeed in Canextracts, which describe the appearance & ada as a fall wheat. It is said to have a strong vigorous stem, and a large coarse bitterly, 'you knew 'twas somebody who bitterly, The fly is about the size of a moscheto, latter end of August or beginning of Sep-guy black varmints, tho; and you know but the body is rather longer, and the legs tember, it might resist the severity of the shorter; the body is of a bright orange co- winter. If we could grow a wheat that the settlement all the spring! lour, and the wings transparent, changing would be in ear the first week of June, it last evening, that the flies did not go upon a magnifying glass, and the body appears those now appearing, as if the first were loose while I split his head open. too hard for them then, or that they had already been infected with their eggs.

Burning the stubble upon the fields that carried a damaged crop, might be of great benefit, provided the fire was to run over all the soil otherwise it must be useless. year, was on the 29th of June; and on the By adopting this plan, lands that were seeded down, would necessarily have all

MISCELLANY.

WESTERN BEAR STORY.

of Salmon River was a Vermontese, of the name of Dobson a large, resolute, & athletic man. Returning one evening from a according to custom in the new countries, had been turned to the woods to procure their own subsistence from the rank herof his neighbor, the late worthy Joseph Sleeper, he saw a large bear descending from a lofty Sycamore, where he had been cends a tree much more expertly than he

calculate what may be the fate of the wheat | Mr. Sleeper before, albeit he was a very

'Why don't you make haste, Mr. Sleeper, and not be lounging at that rate when I know a farm that had not wheat grown you see a fellow Christian in such a kettle

'I run? Is that you, Mr. Dobson, up your lodging for nothing, if you've stood up agin the tree all night.

'It's no joke, though, I can tell you, able food for their larvae to subsist upon. me you'd think you'd paid dear enough for But if you heard me calling for help ravages upon the crops last year, has again them, yet I am satisfied that wheat is most in the night, why didn't you come and see

'Oh, I was going tired to bed, after 'Known 'twas me!' replied Dobson there's been a smart sprinkle of bears about

Well, don't be in a huff, Tommy. would be safe from the fly. I remarked never too late to do good. So hold tight now, and don't let the tarnal critter get

> ' No, no,' said Dobson. 'After holding the beast here all night I think I ought to have the pleasure of killing him. So you just take hold of his paws here, and I will take the axe, and let a streak of daylight into his skull, about the quickest.'

The proposition being a fair one, Mr. Sleeper was too reasonable a man to object. He was no coward either; and he therefore stepped up to the tree, and cautiously taking hold of the bear with both hands, relieved honest Dobson from his predicament. The hands of the latter, though sadly stiffened by the tenacity with which Among the earliest settlers in the wilds they had been clenched for so many hours, were seen brandishing the axe; and he apparently made all preparations for giving the deadly blow-and deadly would it have been had he struck. But to the surprise of Sleeper, he did not strike; and, to his further consternation, Dobson swung the axe upon his shoulder, and marched away, whistling as he went, with as much apparent indifference as the other had shown when coming to his relief.

It was now Sleeper's turn to make the forest vocal with his cries. In vain he raved, and called, and threatened. Dobson walked on and disappeared, leaving his friend as sad a prospect of his breakfast as himself had for a supper.

To relieve the suspense of the reader, it is right to add, that Dobson returned and been scattered over the field, but the fly what he should do with the 'varmint' he killed the bear in the course of the after-

teen pounds of snuff mixed with wood-ash- reached the ground, seized him by the fore Superstition and Cruelty.- Whethes, over about an acre, and it was equally paws. Bruin growled and gnashed his er we confine our observasions to christen-

by cropped, and partly surrounded with ness, and his position was far less comfort about four years ago, received very kind able than it otherwise would have been at treatment from the Sultan. All the rights Still, as Joe Sleeper's house was not far do honour to the most enlightened chriss

As daylight returned, & the smoke from and often far superior. This principle

a present in return from the Sultan.

Constantinople, after an interview with the of strict neutrality and impartial justice Reis Effendi, (Secretary of State for for- which have ever characterised its intereign affairs,) he was introduced to the Sul- course with foreign nations, and greatly tan appeared hardly to understand it as a contributed to its elevated character bath thing possible, to receive the gift of his at home and abroad.' Although many return. But after further explanation, ad- immediate recognition and many more were verting to the many favours the German had formerly received at the hands of the

that the Captain should have some remuneration, the latter requested as a very important favour, to see the favorite wife, or one of the favorite wives, of the Sultan. With much apparent willingness the request was granted; and a female was introduced into their presence, her face entirely concealed by a veil and she approached the sultan and kneeled. He extended his hand and took hers, and with his other hand raised her veil. As her eyes fell on the Englishman, her countenance changed and her whole frame trembled. This to the Captain was altogether unaccountable; being ignorant that the Sultan's wife, in the estimation of her superstitious lord, would be defiled by looking on a christian, and would forfeit her life by this act of obedi-ence to his mandate. Well may the wife of a Sultan shudder when unveiled in the presence of a christian, knowing that she will be immediately led to the scaffold to expiate the offence. Soon after the interview which cost an innocent woman her life, the Englishman had some business to transact with the Reis Effendi; & when he remarked that he had just received a favour perhaps not frequently granted to foreigners, that of seeing the Sultan's favorite wife, judge of his utter astonishment and horror, when the Reis Effendi replied-'I knew before that you had seen her, and for polluting herself by looking on you, her head was cut off fifteen minutes ago l' Shocked with the horrid atrocity, he regretted, but in vain, that his curiosity had led him to ask a favour which produced a result so

despotic, inhuman, and tragical. [For the principal facts contained in the foregoing sketch, we are indebted to a gentleman recently from Smyrna, where the story was well authenticated.—Nantucket

Secretary of State, under date of June would indicate. It is not yet possible to had never been so much rejoiced at seeing Baltic, and which was bound to the that the government of the U. States, if ularly for the purpose of calling the atten-

Black Sea. The German enjoined it upon satisfied of that fact, will adopt such a the bearer of his present, not to receive course of action in relation to the matter as it may deem due to the republic of Tex-When the English Captain arrived at as, and according with those principles both distant friend without making a splendid members of Congress were in favour of an in feeling strongly inclined in the same direction, yet the judgment of the major-Sultan, he consented to accept the present ity was, that the time had not yet come not however, without insisting that the for such a step, and so the affair was pass-Captain who brought it, should receive one ed over The recognition cannot now take on his own account, if he could not receive place till the next meeting of Congress. In one to carry back to the German. The the mean time there are various indica-Sultan was then informed that the Captain tions that Texas will have to pass through had been rewarded for bringing the present another ordeal. That it may result, like by him who sent it ;-Still he could not the former, in the success of her arms, and be satisfied without making some return to that it may secure the establishment of her independence, must we think, be the wish As the Sultan seemed to be determined of every American. - Journal of Com-

Release of a Man who had been chained in a cell forty years .- The celebrated Pinal, who wrought such wonderful cures in the Bedlam at Paris, thus describes the release of an English captain, whose history no one knew, as he had been in chains forty years. He was thought to be one of the most furious amongst the maniacs. His keepers approached him with caution, as he had, in a fit of fury, killed one of them on the spot with a blow from his manacles. He was chained more rigorously than any of the others. Pinal entered his cell unattended, & calmly said to him, - 'Captain, I will order your chains to be taken off, and give you liberty to walk in the court, if you will promise me to behave well and injure no one.' 'Yes, I promise you,' said the maniac, 'but you are all laughing at me, you are all too much afraid of me. 'I have six men,' said Pinal, 'ready to enforce my commands, if necessary. Believe me then, on my word, I will give you your liberty if you will put on this waistcoat.' He submitted to this willingly without a word. His chains were removed, and the keepers retired, leaving the door of his cell open. He raised himself many times from his seat, but fell again on it, for he had lost the use of his legs. In a quarter of an hour he succeeded in maintaining his balance, and with tottering steps came to the door of his dark cell. His first look was at the sky, and he cried out, enthus siastically, 'how beautiful !' During the rest of the day he was constantly in motion, walking up and down the staircase, and uttering short exclamations of delight. In the evening he returned of his own accord to his cell, where a better bed than he had been accustomed to had been prepared for him, and he slept tranquilly. TEXAS.—We have before us a copy of the two succeeding years which he spent navailing in checking the fly.

I had not sown any of my own wheat

the soon ascertained that his often if not generally, be found inseparation and crnelty will often if not generally, be found inseparation.

The documents transmitted by the president in the hospital, he had no return of his president of the U. States to the Senate, in complication of the U. States to the Senate, in complication of the U. States to the Senate, in complication of the U. States to the Senate, in complication of the U. States to the Senate, in complication of the U. States to the Senate, in complication of the U. States to the Senate, in complication of the U. States to the Senate, in complication of the U. States to the Senate, in complication of the U. States to the Senate, in complication of the U. States to the Senate, in complication of the U. States to the Senate, in complication of the U. States to the Senate, in complication of the U. States to the Senate, in complication of the U. States to the Senate, in complication of the U. States to the Senate in the documents transmitted by the president in the hospital, the had no return of his present the senate in the senate in

UTILITY OF A NEWSPAPER.-The newsinformation already before the public. A. feather in the scale compared with news. mong them is the declaration of Texian papers, as a means of affecting the mass. Independence, the constitution of the Republic of Texas, and the Declaration of novel, to that of a paragraph which runs rights. Also the official account of the the round of the press? The one is read battle of San Jacinto, (in which Santa An- by thousands, the other by millions. It is na was captured,) and the commission from almost entirely to the influence of news-President Burnet, appointing George C. papers that the superior intelligence of the I have planted potatoes this year where the same hour, surrounded by his wife and of hospitality, and all the offices of friend- Childress and Robert Hamilton, Esquires, middle classes is to be attributed, contempt-Special Agents, with plenary powers to ble as may be deemed the information thing of the gloomy prospect for the night. ness and cordiality of feeling, which would open a negociation with the cabinet of derived from this source. How few are Washington, touching the political rights the tradesmen, or even merchants, who less numbers, at the same moment they distant, he hoped to be able to call him tian ruler. Nothing was omitted by the of this republic (Texas ;) inviting on the have time or inclination to take up a phidid in the growing corn; and as the com- to his assistance. But his lungs, though Sultan which could contribute to the com- part of the Cabinet a recognition of the losophical treatise, and make themselves munication in your paper of yesterday none of the weakest, were unequal to the fort and happiness of the traveller or enrich sovereignty and independence of Texas, masters of its contents! Yet we know stated that the fly remained in, or was task; and although he hallooed and bawled his store of information on the various sub- and the establishment of such relations be- that there are in the middle classes many hatched in the straw, chaff &c. of damaged the livelong night, making the woods and jects to which his researches were directed tween the two governments as may come men of high rank in intellect. What has grain, I would observe that I did not make welkin ring again, he succeeded no better And as gratitude is one of the most pleas- port with the mutual interest, the common chiefly furnished them with food for reflecuse of any dung this year to my potatoes, than old Glendower of old, in calling spir- ing emotions that warm the human bosom, origin, and kindred ties of their constituas the land was sufficiently fertile without its from the vasty deep. It was a wearing favours so distinguished from the Sultan, its therefore the fly could not be produced some night for Dobson:—such a game of did not fail to awaken in the heart of the land was sufficiently fertile without its from the vasty deep. It was a wearing favours so distinguished from the Sultan, is published, under date of May 2Ist, a every subject? The Newspaper: that desin the potatoe soil from manure made of hold fast he had never been engaged in be- German, the most lively and the most note from the Special Agents to Mr. For- pised & seemingly insignificant messenger, syth, Secretary of State, soliciting a pera bringing every day some new fact or some After the traveller had finished his ori- sonal interview with him in their official new idea, and thus adding by little to their hatched in ploughed soil. I laid down with his sensation in English, albeit he took the ental tour, and returned again to Germany, character. Of course there is nothing pub- mental stores, until they have accumulated lished from which we learn the nature of to an extent for which the cause would was greatly injured by the fly; I have his dissatisfaction-that is to say, he growl- tan some tokens of affectionate remem, the interview or its results; but we know have appeared at first inadequate. A quarcarefully examined it, and could not discover a single fly among the clover and in the case, until it seemed to his clenched t

New York, July 6th.

CHEAP GOVERNMENT .- When the fortstate to receive their eggs. I fear that gracefully, though rather dimly in the dis- wish to send a present of the value of a Jacinto, they appear to have entertained a lification appropriation bill was up in the extensive damage is done to the barley tance, Dobson again repeated his cries for few hundred dollars to one to whom he strong hope of an immediate recognition; Senate on Tuesday, Mr. Clay made some crop, though some of the grain on which succour; and his heart was soon gladden was under so many obligations, and receive for they speak of the documents describing remarks, of which a report is subjoined.... maggets are found, are not entirely destroy- ed by the appearance of his worthy but inac- one in return of so much greater worth. that memorable engagement, as 'affording an imperfectly brief sketch having been ed, and the grain will soon be too hard tive neighbor, who had at last been attracted He had made arrangements to send his indubitable proofs that the government they all that time and 100m allowed us to give in

appropriated to similar objects by the

the current annual expenses of the Govern- in that way. ment, exclusive of the public debt amoun- The papers in New York abound with ted to about twelve millions. Only a few similar traits, marking a depravity and years ago, a Secretary of the Treasury un- licentiousness which can scarcely be beder the present administration (Mr. Mc- lieved. Lean) estimated the ordinary expenses of It is said that the cloak found in the the government at fifteen millions annually. From during the present session, the able Gray, the individual now in confinement at consistent man. Upper Canada at least, Senator from New York, when the land bill was under discussion, placed them, for wrote.—Mont.Gaz.

Bride well, and to whom Robinson thus is not cursed with a government, which nourishes vipers in its bosom. bill was under discussion, placed them, for wrote. - Mont. Gaz. a series of succeeding years, at eighteen millions. And now we propose, in this year, to more than treble the amount of expenditure during the extravagant admin

THE CREEK WAR.

A letter from an officer of the Marine corps in the National Intelligencer, dated Camp Henderson I5 miles below Columbus, (Geo.) on the west bank of the Chatahoochie, where that corps have been stationed, states that the day before captains was still roasting, but saw no one except a negro armed to the teeth with musket and balls, and who after attempting to es- foundation for the report Times. cape was brought to by a rifle and captured. country in parties of 20, burning and plun- Liverpool Chronicle, we learn that there Act was passed to provide for the erection The Indians are scattered through the country in parties of 20, burning and plun-dering the places they visit. Their prin-are already three companies being formed is so crying an evil that Ministers of the Gospel was never drunk is not a sinner, with or withcipal location is supposed to be in a large swamp 18 miles below Camp Henderson. from Great Britain to New York and the River, in the Township of Sandwich; and Gen. Scott is in the vicinity with a large body of Militia and 4 companies of artille- London. ry under Maj. Pearce. Gen. Jessup is Alabama volunteers .- Many of the Indi- quite indisposed. ans that surrendered at Fort Mitchell are old men, about 300 are fighting men, con- received 5000 signatures in one day. fined within the fort, while the women and children amounting to some 10 or 1200 Ireland. are encamped outside. There will be in the field in the course of 10 days about 6000 militia and 800 regulars. Gen. Scott though feeble acts with vigilance and promptitude.-His head quarters are at Roanoke 20 miles below Camp Hendertemporary breast work of plank thrown up limited to a guinea a piece:

Later and important.—We regret to government of Jamaica. learn by the Macon (Geo.) Messenger, of June 30th, that a large body of Indians, about 200, have made their escape between the divisions of the army, placed to intercept them, and passed through Baker county, murdering the defenceless families that fell in their way, as they proceeded. They took the route by the southwest side | Corporation Reform Bill were rejected in of the Chicesawhusee Creek, and killed the House of Commons, June 10th, by a Mr. Wm. Jones, wife and several children, majority of 86. The votes were 324 to were also killed; Mr. Miz and all his fam- 238. The announcement of the majority, ily, except his wife; Mr. John Parget, his being an increase of 14 upon the majority child, and Mrs. Hayes, making 13 persons which carried the original bill, was received slain. The Indians had with them 50 hor. with loud cheers. ses. It was thought they would cross the river at Newton. In Lee and Baker coun- into the House of Commons, calling upon ties, the families were flying in every di- his Majesty to interpose his good offices rection. Colonel Alford, with five com- with the government of France to procure panies, was sent in pursuit by General the release of Polignac and other Ministers

robbery .- A young man named W. D. withdrawn as inopportune. Grey was yesterday taken into custody by suspicious circumstances. On being brought disabilities to which the Jews were exposed. down to the police office and his person It was agreed to. searched, a towel having the Washington | Lord Stanley's amendment to the Minand several duplicates for clothes which days debate by a majority of 39.
he had pawned at a pawnbroker's. While On the the third reading of a rail road

had been actually made, or were in progress, afterwards turned out that this identical afterwards turned out the turned out that the common turned out the turned out that the common turned out the turned out th during this session. He had procured coat was one of the articles which Grey an enquiry into the mode of selling public appearance of things around, above and total abstinence. from the Secretary of the Senate a state- had pledged. And several others of the lands in the British American Colonies ment of such as had been made by bills articles which he had pledged were also and in the United States, with reference to care and vigilance is necessary, and we are which had passed one or both Houses up stolen from different hotels.—This Grey its application to the present poor laws of happy to hear that the Fire Engines, are plainly did use. I was conceding neither my ed to about 25 millions. Since then, other of some particulars relative to Helen Jewto the 27th of last month, when it amount- was one of the persons who were cognizant Ireland. bills had passed which swelled it up to ett's Murder. Several letters which Rob- sanction the demand made by a London require. We trust that a kind Providence the temperance people, I said, in page 8, But thirty-two or three millions; and other inson wrote to him were found in his pos- Mercantile house on the Brazilian Govern- which directs and controls all things for granting that they are worldly' (namely the bills were now in progress, and would prosession, and it was expected that his evibably pass, carrying it up to forty millions, dence would have thrown no little light on Brigantine Clio, at the mouth of the Para threaten us, and that the rains may descend or beyond that sum. Forty millions of the mysterious circumstance relating to the River, because the act being piratical, and and stay the ravages of the destroying eledollars in one year, when we have no debt, and no foreign war! Will not the country be justly alarmed, profoundly astonished, however not known to the public, Grey be justly alarmed, profoundly astonished, however not known to the public, Grey be justly alarmed, profoundly astonished, however not known to the public, Grey however not known to the public how how had not have how when it hears of these enormous appropriations? Is it possible to proceed with the discontinue the use of intoxicating liquors which tracts of fine land have been destroyed on the discontinue the use of intoxicating liquors which tracts of fine land have been destroyed on the discontinue the use of intoxicating liquors which tracts of fine land have been destroyed on the discontinue the use of intoxicating liquors which the most account to the discontinue the use of intoxicating liquors which the discontinue the use of intoxicating liquors which the most account to the discontinue the use of intoxicating liquors which the liquors which the most account to the discontinue the use of intoxicating liquors which the liquors which the most account to the discontinue the use of intoxicating liquors which the liquors which the liquors which the most account to the liquors which the liquor Government on such a scale of expendi- charges of robbery .- New York Journal of the imputation of being concerned in the Commerce.

British Parliament, since its reform, in one in New York does not appear to have lost British ships of war. year. The whole revenue of Great Britain its interest among the good people of that is about forty-two millions sterling, of which city, and recent events have but added to Britain) are suffering much from the death sum twenty-eight millions is applied to the excitement. A young man named of their cattle and sheep for want of provpublic debt, six to the payment of pensions, Gray, a friend of the guilty Robinson, and ender. annuities, &c. and only about eight millions his associate in many acts of infamy, was to the current annual expenses of the recently arrested, and on him were found whole of their vast establishments, military and naval, and the civil government at home confinement. To judge of the character Lieut. Gen. Sir John Colborne, by which and abroad. Now, forty millions of dellars of the recently acquitted individual we need we learn that that officer arrived at Sorel exceed eight millions sterling. Who would only state the following as the substance yesterday, having travelled from Montreal have supposed that an Administration which came in upon pledges and promises of rerest, a letter, written by Robinson to him, eral order that Sir John immediately entertrenchment, reform and economy, should was found upon him, in which Robinson ed upon the duties of his office as Comin the eighth year of its rule have swelled states that he, himself, would be tried on mander in Chief :the expenditure of Government to an amount exceeding that of Great Britain? such a day, acquitted on such a day, and that if he, Gray, wanted to get clear of General Order. we reflect that the British Parliament he would be able, when he got out, to get appoint Major Gen. Sir John Colborne, Secretary of War) has been appointed by Bible. I claim no infallibility myself, nor will I And this surprise must be increased when his wife, and to get married again, that stands to the people of Great Britain in a divorce from his wife, as he, Robinson, K. C. B. to command the Forces in the the president of the United States, with allow it to others. For the religious principles the double relation of the Federal and State after his acquittal, would go and seduce Canadas, with the local rank of Lieutenant the advice and consent of the Senate, to of the best men, and the word of God, are, in Governments to the people of the United her, and be an evidence for him to prove States.

| Convernments to the people of the United her, and be an evidence for him to prove the criminal conversation; adding that warded to the Heads of Departments for ipotentiary from the U. States to France. | Abbott's manner of garbling quotations, and the When Mr. Adams left the administration it was not the first time he obliged a friend the information of the Lieut. General com- The appointment was, we understand, con- reasoning which led him to his extraordinary

The plague in London.—Some absurd reports have been in circulation for the last two days that the plague had appeared in pleased to appoint the Honourable Robert istration, as it was charged, of Mr. Adams. London. One person stated that seven persons had died in unlading some ship in Crown Lands, and Agent for the Sale of impression which the perusal of that producthe river. Another, that at a large linendraper's in the vicinity of Oxford-street shall be known, in the 100m of the Honour-viction that no other answer is necessary than seven people died after being employed in able Peter Robinson, resigned. opening some bales of foreign goods. A third, that a house in Seven Dials, in to appoint John G. Spragge, to be Surro- ations which the 'Strictures' contain, I have which it commenced, was on Sunday gate, of the Home District, in the room burnt down 'by authority,' to prevent furthe of William Warren Baldwin, Esquire re- Remarks' which Mr. Abbott has contrived to er mischief. We are enabled to state from moved. the country for 6 miles round, and came the best authority, that the whole of the And Robert E. Burns, Esquire to be across some Indian fires where their meat circumstances from which this rumor arose Judge of the District Court, of the Niaghave been strictly investigated by Sir Wm. ara District, in the room of George Ridout scurity for his justification. Some specimens of Pym, and that there is not the slightest Esquire, removed.

Steamboats across the Atlantic .- By the

The Leeds petition for Irish reform, Young Kean is acting with much eclat in

The small pox prevails near Cardiff.

distrained for church rates.

The Marquis of Sligo has resigned the

Two large steamers are nearly ready to run between Bengal and the Cape.

London on the 10th ult.

The Lords' amendments to the Irish

Mr. Dunscombe introduced a motion of Charles X. confined in the castle of Ham. Much sympathy was expressed by A Comapnion of Robinson arrested for different speakers, and the motion then

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, on Mr. Brink, at the Washington Hotel, the same day, moved a resolution declarwhere Grey had been visiting under rather atory of the expediency of removing the

Hotel mark on it, was found in his pocket isterial Irish Bill, was negatived after three

capture.

The affair of the Thomas Street murder captured by the British Legion, aided by

The people of the Shetland Isles (Great

Lieut.- Gen. Sir John Colborne. - A let-

Head Quarters, Quebec, Ist July, 1836.

(Signed,) John Eden, Dy. Ad. Gen. Quebec Gaz.

The last two paragraphs in the subjoined

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

Toronto, 16th July, 1836. The Lieutenant-Governor has been

His Excellency has been further pleased

Kingston, July 6th. In the late session of our Assembly an for the establishment of lines of steamboats the Township of Bertie, to the Detroit Canadas, viz. from Liverpool, Boston and we are happy to see that spirited exertions are used to carry this desirable improvement The Bishop of London, so celebrated for into effect. The importance and utility of ne west, advancing eastward with the his oratorical and argumentative powers, is this measure must be evident to every person at all acquainted with that section of the Province. More than one hundred miles will be saved between Buffalo and Detroit, compared with the present route, and this Rail-way will join the Detroit and St. Joseph's Rail-road, and thus form a The dissenters of Chatham have deter- continuous line to Michigan, Indiana, Illinined like the Quakers to let their goods nois, and Chicago. - Hamilton Gaz.

The ladies of London have agreed to present the Hon. Grantley Berkely with a Election the Irish have been astonishingly son. The steamhoats now pass up and piece of plate for procuring them a gallery effective, manifesting from beginning to down unmolested, and are protected by a in the House of Commons. Subscription end, a zeal and unanimity unspeakably praiseworthy, and as invincible as admirable. All petty jealousies, party feuds, religious differences, were thrown overboard with common consent and hearty good will, and every energy given to the long pull, geon to the Emperor Napoleon, died in At the second Riding of York, were seen pledged myself to prove, I can truly say that I myself as 'obscure' as the obscurest of them, and the Catholic and the Orangeman marching shoulder to shoulder to the Poll, to crush the common enemy to their King, and to exhibit, and you to receive the truth, as we shall the peace and prosperity of his Canadian severally answer at his own awful tribunal. Will subjects. At Durham was seen every Catholic voting for Elliott though an Orangeman; and at Northumberland every Orangeman voting for McDonell though a Catholic; in Hastings too, were seen the honest Yeomanry, many of whom are Methodists, voting for Manahan, a Catholic. A more gratifying exhibition of loyal Mr. Abbott for insinuating the contrary. feeling, was surely never witnessed in any for the universal good .- Patriot.

apprehensions for the safety of the town. said about total abstinence; and not one of the kept constantly filled with water in perfect sentiments nor arguments in the slightest degree

& on Monday morning, Kettle Creek rose our opinions.' The observation of Mr. Abbott rapidly to a height never witnessed be on this is, 'From which, this inference, and no its banks, which before looked so luxuri- upon which the temperance society is established formed into a wide flowing river; all the our holy religion and pronounced, better." One houses, about twenty in number, in the lower part of the town, were flooded, and those of their fellow creatures. Three bridg- what I did say, you will find that I said only sent to London, on Monday as usual. It of some others." I say so still, for the reason was however despatched with some risk on there given. Besides, I cannot say that the Tuesday .- St. Thomas Liberal.

His Majesty having been pleased to the Intelligencer, that Lewis Cass (now the principles of God's revealed will in the

To the Editor of the Missiskoui Standard. SIR :- I have lately received a Pamphlet,

Lecture of the Right Reverend Bishop Hopkins. Those who have honored my Pamphlet with 'paternity' of the monosyllable 'ALL' in a sentence their perusal and approbation may possibly ex- which he supposes I had quoted from the Bishop. pect from me a reply. But to all my friends It is in page 19. I gave only the word 'parent' and well wishers, I have only to say that, I think, as a quotation, the same as I did in the preceding no reply is necessary. As a lover of truth and line, and marked it in the usual manner, so that controversial fairness, 1 have candidly and care- I thought I had a right to print the monosyllable Baldwin Sullivan, to be Commissioner of fully read Mr. Abbott's 'Strictures,' and the ALL in large or in small letters as suited my rancy. Clergy Reserves, until his Majesty's pleasure tion has made on my mind is a full confor any one to read the two Pamphlets togeth in the following places:-

er. Out of the very numerous misrepresent. counted more than thirty quotations from my twist and pervert from their evident meaning, without having even the pretext of charging my language with any extraordinary degree of obhis disingenuousness, in this respect, I shall here

In page 4th, he says, 'the first two or three pages of the Remarks are chiefly occupied with a deny the doctrine of the corruption of human description of the vice of drunkenness. That it nature, for this simple reason that the man who ought to join the Temperance Society.' Let the out religion. Having now established the 'paterreader peruse my 'two or three first pages,' and nity' of the little monosyllable, Mr. Abbott must he will know what I did say; from the 'Strict- be bound by his own conclusion, which is no ures,' he cannot.

page 'Bishop Hopkins is said to have published this instance, surpassed his knowledge.' It can his Lecture for the avowed purpose of inducing scarcely be said that I have given a harder blow others to follow his example, in refusing to join than this to the good Bishop. the Temperance Society. This would have more Having found so much unfairness in Mr. easily been believed had the author given us an Abbott's quotations, I shall pass over his reasoning extract from the Lecture to prove it.' What I untouched, as being absolutely too crooked to be did say in the page referred to is this, 'The made straight by either a Christian or a Jew. As Bishop, it is evident, has formed his resolution not to join the Temperance Society, and, in proof of his sincerity, has reduced his resolutions to writing that others might be induced to follow his example.' I gave 'extracts' in abundance. gave the Bishop's seven propositions in full. When he finished enunciating his seven propositions, and before he had entered on the task of it, the compliment must have cost him too confirming and illustrating them, he states in much good nature at the expense of principle. page 130, his purpose, his wishes and his prayers, in the following terms, 'In laying down this uals,' whose names I introduced at the end of my chain of propositions, my brethren, which I have pamphlet, I have only to observe that I am offer to you the result of long and anxious examilif Mr. Abbott thought them too 'obscure,' why nation. May the Spirit of God enable me to did he lay out so much labor and expense on Mr. Abbott, after this, say, that the Bishop had no desire that people should believe his seven propositions' and the reasoning and illustrations by which he laboured to confirm them? Does he mean to say that the Bishop took all this trouble without having a wish that people should be convinced by his arguments, and follow his example? The Bishop, I think, will not thank

In page 7, Mr. Abbott says, ' But I think part of His Majesty's Dominions; and all and will prove that if he,' Mr. Reid, 'had searchbrought about by Sir Francis Bond Head, ed the Bible through, he could not have found whose forcible, yet temperate appeals to any more inimical to his doctrine of total abstithe understanding and affections of this nence from intexicating drinks, than, at least, held in the village of Napierville, on the 4th July well-minded and unsophisticated people, some of them are, that is of my quotations from have wrought these glorious manifestations Scripture in page 15. Now what I actually said Inhabitants of the County of L'Acadie, and being of unchangable love for their paternal Sove- is this 'Where he,' the Bishop, 'has found a spectator of the proceedings of said meeting, reign, and of reverence for the imperishaproofs that can bear the inferences which he has cannot with consistency let them so gloriously ble constitution, he has been called by a crowded into this branch of his Lecture I know rejoice over that representation (which I consider wise Providence to protect and administer net; but if he believe them, he must be extreme- as in contrast with the real nature of the same) ly unhappy, because in the increase of Temperance without acquainting you how terminated the Societies, he can see nothing but 'a plan of grand effort of our radical gentry; therefore, Fredericton, (N. B.) July 6.—The most and the world loves its own.' Truly this is aston-lating the project of said meeting, it was not all arming sensations have been felt by the lighting. The followed for the said meeting, it was not all alting the project of said meeting, it was not all alting the project of said meeting, it was not all alting the project of said meeting, it was not all alting the project of said meeting, it was not all alting the project of said meeting, it was not all alting the project of said meeting, it was not all alting the project of said meeting. alarming sensations have been felt by the ishing. The 'plan' of God respecting this vice tended by more than sixty individuals, and of the control of the co inhabitants of this town and the surrounding (intemperance of which I was speaking, and not whom the greatest, yes, I should say four fifths he had pawned at a paynormal was speaking, and not whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had pawned at a paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had pawned at a paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had pawned at a paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had pawned at a paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had pawned at a paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had pawned at a paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had pawned at a paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had pawned at a paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had pawned at a paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had pawned at a paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had paynormal whom the greatest, yes, I should say for the had paynormal whom the greatest that the greatest the had paynormal whom the greatest the had paynormal Mr. Brink was in the Bible, is, Be not of the number, were of the lowest class of duplicates a Mr. Browne, a gentleman who against making them perpetual monopolies. have for some time raged with great fury drunk with wine. Take heed lest at any time ate Canadians, which you could easily perceive, and the forests not proposed that Parliament, would retain in the forests not proposed and the forests not proposed that the honey distant and the forests not proposed that the honey distant and the forests not proposed that the honey distant and the forests not proposed that the honey distant and the forests not proposed that the honey distant and the forests not proposed that the honey distant and the forests not proposed that the honey distant and the forests not proposed that the honey distant and the forests not proposed that the honey distant and the forests not proposed that the honey distant and the forests not proposed that the honey distant and the forests not proposed that the honey distant and the forests not proposed that the honey distant and the forests not proposed that the honey distant and the forests not proposed that the honey distant and the forests not proposed th duplicates a bit. Diotac, and less at any time at Canadians, which you could easily personal arrived here lately from England, called at He hoped that Parliament would retain in the forests not many miles distant, and your hearts be overcharged with surfeiting and were you acquainted with the individuals whose

tion of the Senate to the enormous and the police office to say that a valuable coat a provisional power for revising those en-

and not otherwise, it will only follow that even Extraordinary Flood .- It rained inces- give such an aspect to our religious principles, as Passage in the north of Spain, has been santly on Saturday night and Sunday last, shall encourage men to drink under the shelter of The corn fields and meadows along other, can be drawn, that the worldly principles would suppose from Mr. Abbott's language that I was comparing the principles of the society with the terrified inmates were brought away in waggons by the generous towns people, who hazarded their own lives to preserve preference to the former. But if you look at es and all the adjacent fences and mill dams that the worldly principles of some men are were swept away. The mail could not be incomparably better than the religious principles religious principles of even the best uninspired Minister to England.—We learn, says men are identical, in every point of view, with firmed unanimously as soon as announced. I inference' I must forbear to characterise. The same plan of reasoning is pursued in page 19 of the 'strictures' on the remarks which I made on what the Bishop in page I33 of his lecture called written by the Rev. J. Abbott, A. M., purporting one of the branches of morality, already previto be a refutation of my 'Remarks' on the ded for by religion itself.'

In page 26 Mr. Abbott calls in question the

Page 138. ' The worst of all the vices.'

do. 'The parent of all crime.' " 139. ' The master vice.'

do. 'Intemperance is the master vice.' 140. 'They call it the master sin, the parent sin, the worst of all sins.

do. 'The parent of all vices.'

" 146. 'The parent of all the vices.' All this is charged against the members of the temperance society, and if the charge could be proved, it would follow, as I said, that they did longer hypothetical, since its ' paternity' is proved, In page 6th, Mr. Abbott says that, in my 6th 'I can only say that the Bishop's zeal has, in

to the credit which he has seen fit to give my 'Remarks,' on the score of ' being the most rational, perhaps,' says he, ' I ought to say the most logical, & the most pertinent that have yet emanated from any member of the association,' I must respectfully

In behalf of my friends, the 'obscure individ-

Finally, I wish to observe that the boast of the ' Montreal Herald' of 4th inst., can only be accounted for on the charitable supposition that the writer of the article could never have read the Two pamphlets when he wrote his puff. I am Mr. Editor,

Your obt. humble servant, JAMES REID. Frelighsburg, 20th July, 1836.

To the Editor of the Missiskoui Standard. SIR-Noticing in the Stanbridge paper of the 13th instant, the publication of a revolutionary meeting inst., and purporting to have been attended by the resolutions, subscribed with X (his mark!) and I can say upon good authority, that so it should how much our radical friends can make of little CALLAGHAN, for the space of six months..... JUSTICE. things. Yours, &c. County of L'Acadie, 21st July, 1836.

MISSISKOUI STANDARD.

FRELIGHSBURG, JULY 26, 1936.

The Rail Road between St. Johns and heard that Lord Gosford made a speech at the opening of it.

How long are the Townships to sleep? means of rapid communication, over its whole country,-bringing the cities and regions of the far West, to the Atlantic, and the cities on the Atlantic within hail of each other. But on reaching the line of 45°, the spirit of the American is checked; and however many may be the railways, which he carries to the sacred boundary, not one will be allowed to pass it, while it is defended by an anticommercial anti English majority of French habitans. The Old Bailey; all of whom were respited during his Majesty's pleasure. enterprise of the British, in the Lower colonies, however, threatens to break through the holy limits, and in a short time already given £10,000 in aid of the prothe line to St. Johns. The petition was thrown out of course, because it was to be a benefit to the English Townships-the formality as an excuse.

pers shortly after the refusal, it would seem, and surrendered themselves prisoners of war. There is I think about 700 in all, the Township people to believe, that, if men, women and children-250 were warpetitions were presented next session, their prayer would be granted. This is the time to adopt measures to prove it.

there are certain preliminary forms, which in pursuit of them, and it is thought they must be complied with before a petition can I have no doubt but the war is nearly over be received, and that no time is to be lost with the Creeks.....They have taken two in setting about the necessary steps. Those of the Indians that were engaged in robwho last year spoke of bringing the propo- bing the mail, and killed another. They sed railroad from Magog by way of the Missiskoui River, will do well to be on the alert. have heard but little of the Small Pox since They should proceed immediately to have I have been here.' Constitutionalist. the route examined and a statement of its advantages laid before the public.

A new Grievance.... There are too many newspapers in the Province edited by Scotch 'Foreigners.' The Gazette of Quebec, the Herald, Gazette and Courier of Montreal, the Farmers' Advocate, and Missiskoui Standard of the Townships, are all edited by Scotchmen. What hope is there for the clique when opposed by such a

On Saturday last two miniature whirlwlnds were felt, one near the village, which carried up hay from the field to the height of 250 or 300 feet, the other about two miles off which carried up hay &c. to the beight of 30 feet. Next morning the parched earth was refreshed by copious showers, which will be of great advantage to wheat and potatoes especially.

give information where it can be found shall be handsomely rewarded. ELKANY JANES. Sutton, July 19, 1836.

We understand that fire was last week in the woods between Cliffs' Inn and Missiskoui Bay, and that it had spread over a considerable part of the swamps in Stanbridge. The rain, on Sunday, must have

The New York Tragedy, as it has been styled, seems in a very fair way to be handed down to future generations, by the worthy people of Providence, accompanied by all the humiliating and disgraceful features that light up the abodes of the licentious, and the profligate. It prove property, pay charges, and take her away. HENRY BORIGHT. is surprising to us that any individual can be found so hardy as to expose his sen sual appetites by giving countenance to the the Stage. But so it is! The name of Ellen Jewett, is to stain the pages of modern history. Why not raise a monument to introduction of this unhallowed affair upon her memory, ye that bear the mark of the Beast? Surely, these are days of civilization and refined taste! - Com

A few months ago, Mr. Doyle of this city, considering himself aggrieved by some remarks which had appeared in the Vindieator, reflecting upon his private character, took an opportunity of inflicting personal chastisement upon Dr. O'CALLAGHAN, the

names are enrolled as executive of their mighty | Editor of that journal. During the presresolutions. Yes sir, would it not be a glorious ent term of the Quarter Sessions, Mr. resolutions. 1es sit, would be a decorated with Doyle was put upon his trial for the offence, and was found guilty. The Court sentenced him to a fine of £10, and held have been. You may judge from that, Mr. Editor, him to bail for good conduct to Dr. O's

A proposal has been recently made, to remove the monument erected to the memory of Lord Nelson, now at the New Market, to the Place D'Armes, where, from recent improvements, the position would be much more convenient than its present location. Nelson is now surrounded by Laprairie is now in operation. We have egg-women and apple-wives, pork-dealers and butchers, tin pedlars and green-grocers regards a tenantless building, and turns his back upon that element, upon which he triumphed and won so many laurels. The The neighboring republic is spreading the cost of removal, we believe, would not be hope it will be done without delay Ib.

> Such is the reluctance which the present King of England displays to signing the death-warrants of malefactors, that in the two years preceding the present, but one criminal suffered the punishment of death in London. A late paper announces in the usual terms, that 'the Recorder was admitted and made his report to the King in Council, of the prisoners that were capitally convicted at the last sessions in the

We shortly since announced the appoint. ment of the Rev. Geo. J. Mountain, D. D. we shall see a rail road from Quebec to St. heretofore the Archdeacon of Quebec, to Andrews—the British Government having the newly created Bishopric of Montreal, under the Church of England. It would ject. Within this province, there exist appear that his holiness the Pope has followed a somewhat similar plan and has unparalleled facilities for the construction established a new Bishoprick in Canada, of rail roads, and petitions were presented to be comprehended within this district. last year, from the Townships, praying for The Bishop of Telmesse will no longer an act to allow them to build one, from hold a title in in partibus, but assume the

Extract of a letter dated Columbus, June Assembly having seized on some alleged in- 25th..... Yesterday a party of us, in company of the Governor and suite, went down on board of the steamer to Fort Mitchell, to From the articles in the clique newspa- see the Indians that came in the day before riors, and were well armed and equipped. Jim Henry with his party was supposed to be some ten or fifteen miles below in a large swamp, and Gen. Scott on one side We beg to impress on our readers that of the river and Gen. Jessup on the other will have a fight with them in a day or two. were on their way to Fort Mitchell with them, but had not arrived when I left. I

> Died, At Quebec on the 6th instant, Charles A Mills, in the 20th year of his age.

FLOUR FOR SALE. barrels very superfine, for sale at Haven's Mills, by the barrel or smaller quan-

Dunham, July 18, 1836.

A BLACKSMITH WANTED, O carry on a shop in this village. Good encouragement will be given to a steady and industrious workman. Apply to GALLOWAY FRELIGH. Bedford, 20th July, 1836.

Lost,

On the 5th of June last, between Frelighsburg & Richford, Vt. a Blue Broadcloth Straight Body Coat, with Gingham linings. Whoever will reture the same to the Standard Office, or

Notice.

HE Subscriber requests the public not to purchase any of the stock, farming implements or other property on his farm in Odletown, as Mr. John McAllum has at present forcible possession of said farm, &c. while none of the property thereon belongs to him, but to the subscri-

ARCHIBALD McALLUM. Odletown, 23 July, 1836.

Notice.

Broke into the enclosure of the subscriber, on or about the first of June, a small Spotted Sutton, July 21. 1836.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

SMITH & GILALAN. P. S. Unless particular attention is paid to the above notice, those having Notes & Accounts with the undersigned will find them in the hands of a Bailiff for collection.

LaCole, at the line, July 23, 1836.

V2—16tf.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY first rate BLACKSMITH will meet with good encouragement by applying to the undersigned.

JOHN H. CLOW. Philipsburg, July 23, 1836.

Notice.

NFORMATION wanted of William Lane, William Lane, Jun., Honor Lane, Mary Lane, or Anne Lane, who emigrated from Trag onay, in the parish of Cuba, Cornwall, to thicountry, about three years ago, in the barque Janus, from Falmouth to Quebec. The subscriber will feel much obliged to any individual who will be kind enough to send information to the will be kind enough to send information to the Herald Office, Montreal, respecting any or all of the above individuals.

RICHARD PARSONS. Editors of Newspapers in the Upper Province and Townships, are requested to insert this. Montreai, July II, 1836.

RENOVATION OF FEATH-ERS.

R. POWELL AUSTIN would respectfully give notice to the Inhabitants of Caldwells' Manor and vicinity, that he is at the present at Mr. Edy's, & will for a short time remain there for the purpose of Renovating Feather Beds, and, having heretofore given perfect satisfaction to all who have employed him, he flatters himself that by diligent attention to business, and having a superior machine to any in this section of the country, to merit a share of public patronage.

Terms of Renovating:

A Bed, weighing twenty five pounds or under, A Bed, weighing twenty five pounds or under, five shillings; from twenty five to thirty five pounds, six shillings and three pence; all over thirty five pounds, three p nce per pound, & any person having two or more Beds renovated, can be credited until the first day of January next.

BUTTER will be received in payment at seven pence half penny per pound. So confident is the subscriber of his work that he is in notwise fearful in making it his motto, Good Work or no Pay.

POWELL AUSTIN.
Caldwells' Manor, July 14, 1836.—V2—15ft.

Renovation.

AM now at Stanbridge Upper Mills, & wish to assure the inhabitants of my other destined places, that I am coming in due time, lest they should say as the Israelites did to Aaron of Moses,—"Where is this Gardner, for we wot not what has become of him?' My Machine is now undergoing repairs, and those who have work to designation of that of Montreal.....Mont. do, will do well to keep their work until I come, as an old practitioner and one who has continually advertised, 'good work, or no pay,' can be more safely employed than strangers, intruders, or speculators. Please inquire for good work, of James Gardner, as his only is genuine, it will at all times be managed by himself in person.

JAMES GARDNER.

N. B. All my unsettled accounts, in Frelighs-burg and its vicinity, are left with Oren J. Kemp, and may be paid at his store according to agree-

Respectfully Yours, &c.

JAMES GARDNER.

Stanbridge, July 11, 1836.

Notice.

meeting of the members of the Agricultural meeting of the members of the Agricultural Society in the County of Rouville, will be held at the house of Mr. C. C. P. Gould, Innkeeper, Henryville, on Saturday the 30th day of July inst., at I o'clock P. M. all persons interested are requested to attend for the purpose of subscribing quested to attend for the purpose or subscribing and paying over the amount of their subscriptions; and to appoint proper persons to examine and adjudge the crops; and all persons wishing to be comecomp etitors must give in their names, to gether with the kind of crops for which they wish to compete to the committee, before that time, as the several subscriptions are to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer on that day.

By order of the President,
DAVID L. LEWIS, Secretary.
Noyan 27th June 1836 V2 13—3w.

OR SALE, by the Subscriber,

500 Bushels of Corn. A. B. MERRITT.

Missiskoui Bay, July 15th, 1836.

Notice.

OR SALE, one hundred acres of excellent LAND, in the Township of Sutton, being the north half of Lot No. 14, first range. Inquire of JOHN GIBSON, Sutton, June 15, 1836.

New Store.

HE subscriber begs leave to inform the public that he has opened a Store at the old stand of the late Capt. JOHN CHURCH, Jr. in

CHURCHVILLE,

where he will hold himself in readiness to pay ev ery attention to such as may favor him by calling and examining his assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Flour,

Hard-Ware, etc. etc. Which he will sell on as reasonable terms as the same quantity and quality can be purchased for at any store in the county. Will the Public call and examine for themselves.

ANSON KEMP.

Churchville, July 5th,

NEW GOODS,

And Cheap!!

HE subscriber has just received a general

GOUDS.

Dry Goods,

Groceries, Crockery & Hard Ware;

Including almost every article usually called for in a country store, which will be sold very low for cash and most kinds of country produce. Please call and examine!

N. ADAMS.

Upper Bedford, 25th June, 1836.

New Goods.

HE subscribers have just received an extensive assortment of

Dry Goods,

consisting of a great variety of

Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Callicoes, Ginghams, French Muslins, Fig'd & Plain Silks, Summer stuffs, Tuscany and Plain Straw

Bonnets, &c. &c. Crockery and Glass Ware, -ALSO-Dry Groceries, Lamp Oil, Boiled Linseed Oil,

do. Raw Red and White Lead, Mackerel and Cod Fish, Sole Leather, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Scythes, scythe Snaiths,

Rakes, scythe Stones and

Rifles, of the most approved kinds, &c. &c.
All of which are offered for sale as cheap and upon as liberal terms as at any Store in the County.

RUSSEL & ROBERTS.

Missiskoui Bay, June 28, 1836. V2 12tf.

SMITH'S Cheap Store.

New & Splendid Goods.

THE subscriber begs leave to announce to his friends and the public, that he has just received one of the most extensive, splendid and general assortments of

Goods

ever offered for sale in this section of the country. All of which are of the very first quality and latest Fashions. Without particularizing, he solicits most respectfully, a fair examination of his Goods and prices, before purchases are made elsewhere.

where.

Every kind of Farmers' Produce received in payment, for which the highest price will be paid. W. W. SMITH.

Missiskoui Bay, June 28, 1836. V2 12tf.

NEW & VERY

Cheap

CAN be had in all Varieties, Qualities and Kinds

Dry Goods,

Groceries, Crockery, Hard Ware, Nails, Iron,



reas, by the Chest very low,

Glass, Fish, Salt, Flour, &c. &c,

In fact, all kinds of Goods called for at a country Store, as Low, if not Lower than at any other Store in the County. Observe!! On the lower corner of the Public Square in St. Albans, at the

GARDNER G. SMITH. V2 12-6w

June 28th, 1836.

New Goods IN ST. ALBANS.

HE Subscriber has just returned from New

York, and has now opened at his Store, opposite T. H. Campbell's Tavern in St. Albans, a very large and general assortment of

Goods,

which he offers very low. His Customers and others in Canada, are invited to call and see them. He trusts his assortment and prices are such as will satisfy them that his Goods are good and low. WILLIAM FARRAR. St. Albans, June 3, 1836.

For Sale, Y the Subscriber, a few Barrels of

Flour, Pork & Mackerel.

LEVI KEMP. Frelighsburg, June 20th, 1836.

Look Here!! HE Subscribers will pay Cash for

Veal Skins. May 21, 1836. L. & A. KEMP.

ASH paid for

Veal Skins

N APPRENTICE wanted.

PLINY WOODBURY.

St. Armand, April 21st, 1836. V2,3 tf.

ST. ALBANS, MAY 31, 1836

New & Cheap GOODS.

I have received and now offer for sale, at my old stand, a large and general assortment of

Fancy & Staple Goods,

including a large stock of

Sheetings, Tickings, Cotton Yarn, Candlewick, Batts, Wadding, Paper Hangings, Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets, Silks, Bombazines, Calicoes, Muslins, Laces, Jackonets, Bonnets, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, &c. &c,

Hardware and Crockery.

Teas, Tobacco, Snuff, Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, Salaratus, Glass, Nails,

Flour, &c. All a little CHEAPER than my neighbors.
Will Purchasers call and examine Goods & prices?

ORANGE ADAMS.

HE Subscriber will pay Cash for

Veal Calf Skins. H. M. CHANDLER Frelighsburg, 17th April, 1836. V2-2tf

Card.

HE Subscriber begs leave to inform the inhabitants of Philipsburg and its vicinity, that he still continues the

Tailoring.

business in its various branches at his old stand,

Having made arrangements to receive the latest Northern and Southern FASHIONS, and from the superior quality and low price of Clothe and first rate workmanship, the public will fath is stand inducements seldom to be met wit and, in returning his thanks for past favors, hopes by unremitted attention, to secure a c tinuance of them.

Criting done in the most approved style, the shortest notice, for which nothing but Cawill be received.

N. B. WANTED, a BOY from 12 to 14 years of age, as an apprentice, for whose good behaviour security will be required. DANIEL FORD.

V2.11-1v.



Cash for Wool!

S hereby given that two shillings currency per pound will be paid at the Factory of the British American Land Company at Sherbrooke, for clean native Wool, average quality, the produce of the Eastern Townships.

Sherbrooke, May 10, 1736.

V2—7t

A Ta meeting of the Select General Commit-tee of Delegates of the signers of the Peti-tions to the King and both Houses of the Imperial Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, presented in the year 1835, praying for justice—held at the City of Monragal, on the 30th day of June, 1836, it was Resolved,—That the following Resolutions, passed on the 28th day of the same month, be published in the several Constitutional papers throughout the Province.

Resolved,—That an Agent or Agents be now appointed, and do proceed to England, to forward the views of the Select General Committee.

the views of the Select General Committee.

Resolved,—That the said agent or agents be instructed to present and support a Petition to His Majesty, praying the recall of His Excellency the Earl of Gosford from the Government of this Province; and that he or they be further instructed to urge on the attention of His Majesty and the two Houses of the Imperial Parliament, the Petitions presented in the year 1835, by the British and Irish Inhabitants of this Province praying for justice.

Reselved —That the Chairman and trules.

Resolved,—That the Chairman and twelve members of this Select General Committee be now named a Committee, to prepare instructions for the guidance of such agent or agents, in strict accordance with the reports of the several Sub-Committees received and adopted on the 27th June instant, and with such Resolutions as have been or may be passed by this Select General Committee; and that the said Committee do also form a Committee of Correspondence with the form a Committee of Correspondence with the said agent or agents.

Resolved-That this Committee do adjourn to the call of the Chairman and ten members, and that twenty days'notice, at the least, be given of the time and place of meeting.

In pursuance of the first resolution, it was subsequently determined that three Agents should be appointed, & Andrew Stuarr Esquire, of Quebec, M. P. P.; Robert Gillespie, Esquire, of London; and Patrick Stewart, Esquire, M. P. were named to act as such Agents.

J. C. GRANT, Chairman, J. GUTHRIE SCOTT, Secretary, Select General Committee Montreal, Lower Canada, June 30, 1838.

From the Casket, for 1836.

THE CHRISTIAN'S PROSPECT. When Moses on Mount Nebo stood, And gaz'd upon the promis'd land, Divided only by the flood Of Jordan, from the pilgrim band—

He saw the hills of Judab rise,
And bathe their tops in living light,
And pour'd like glory from the skies,
In golden volumes, pure and bright.

The prophet view'd the blest abode,
'The home of Israel's tired race;
A land of refuge rear'd by God,
For Abram's seed a resting place.

Engeddi's pleasant fields he saw, And gaz'd until his eye grew dim : He knew, in Heaven's holy law, That home was not prepared for him:

Two hallow'd homes, the high seer view'd, One on the earth for Israel blest; While o'er another Jordan a stood, The Canaan of eternal rest.

For far beyond the dark dream's wave, Mount Zion's towers he saw arise; While deathless spirits sought to lave Their forms amid the flaming skies.

He by prophetic light survey'd The glories of his future hom And while upon the mount he stayed He read the record of his doom. The Jordan stream that roll'd ahead, The Hebrew hast prepar'd to meet; In heaven's unerring book he read, Should never wet his hallow'd.

The aged seer, the heavenly theme Acknowledg'd and resign'd his breath; 'Twas done, the only Jordan stream O'er which the prophet pass'd, was death.

The patriarch's face in brightness shone, While kneeling by his maker's side; He rais'd his eyes up to his throne, And gazing on his glory—died.

Who would not climb a Nobo too?
And from its summit towiring high,
The promis'd land like Moses view—
Like Moses on that Nobo die.

What though, o'er earthly Jordan's tide, He saw a land of greenest bloom; And fields of perfame, spreading wide, And knew that there was not his home.

By faith, a treasure richer far, He claim'd o'er Heav'n's unmeasur'd height And died to meet the glory here, Of heaven's uncreated light.

Who would not leave the world behind, And seek a Jordan and a grave; Plunge fearless in the flood to find A land of rest beyond the grave?

a The Jordan of death .- Bible.

THE WAY TO GET MAR-RIED.

One fine morning in autumn, Linval was taking a walk in the Tuilleries at Paris: and found an open billet, containing the ollowing lines:

'If the person who finds this paper is equested to inquire at No. 340, Rue San- serve her.' tonage, for Eugenie de Mirande. Such as may not be inclined to assist an unfortuwhere they found it.'

it took down the address in his pocket-book dinner was cheerful and free from restraint. and replaced the paper. Next came a The party conversed on all kinds of submade her appearance. She requested her the minister, that she may deliver the mevisitors to step into a saloon that seemed morial in person.' sought in such a habitation.

exercise of benevolence. Eugenie replied | but he was by this time incapable of refuswith some embarrassment that she was merely the interpreter of a very unfortunate female, who from a relic of pride, wished to remain unknown, but was certainly deserving of compassion. Julia wished to become acquainted with this lady. 'I am not a stranger to distress,' said she, 'before me she would have no occasion to blush.' Eugenie declined to gratify her in the particulars; observing that her misfortune had made her protagee so sly and distrustful, that it was extremely difficult to gain her confidence. 'Has she any children?' tion. As for my father, has he not told asked Julia. 'Three; and her husband, me a hundred times over that this was my whose labour procured them a scanty sub- affair? He can have no objection From sistence for his family, is just dead, after a all the information I have obtained the long and expensive illness.' 'Good God! what a melancholy situation! And how old are her children?' They all are very young, the eldest is a girl of five years.'

'I would gladly take one of them, but my own infant will demand all my care, However, permit me to send a packet of articles for the children; for I cannot suppose that this family protected as it is by you, can be in want of the absolute necessaries of life. Eugenie cordially thanked her in the name of the unknown lady & promised to take care of her presents, and noted down her name and address.

No sooner had Julia and her husband retired, than the same object brought a young man to the house. 'I beg pardon, madam,' said he to Eugenie, 'it is not you that I want, but Eugenie de Mirande.' I am the person.' The young man was not less staggered than Julia had been, and received the same explanation. Affected by this story, he offered his assistance. 'I am not rich,' said he, 'but a bachelor may, with a little frugality, always give a little for the relief of the distressed.' 'Sir, replied Eugenie, 'there are cases in which money cannot afford relief. There are ways in which the interference of the benevolent may prove infinitely more serviceable to the unfortunate.' 'Of what nature is the interference that your friend stands in need of? Speak out. On your recommendation I will cheerfully undertake on me, and will never be effaced from my whatever lays in my power.' 'Then excuse remembrance. His eyes were cast down in a rude question, on account of the motive which prompts it -are your connexions such that you can obtain access to the minister?' No, madam. My father possesses a small estate in the nighborhood of Paris, the value of which has been doubled by his industry; but he never appeared in the antechamber of the great, and God be thanked he has no occasion for them. Easily satisfied, I shall share, with five beloved brothers and sisters the patrimony left by my father, and hope that the minister may never hear my name unless, indeed, your friend stands in need of an advocate to lisposed to do a benevolent action, he is plead; let me know in what way I can

'It was found necessary,' replied . Eugenie ' to destroy some ground which my nate mother, are requested, at least not to friend's husband had planted and laid out hinder others, and to throw the billet again at a great expense, because the safety of our army required it. It is an indemnity Linval, the best dancer in Paris, was just humming a new tune: he picked up the paper and after reading it, whisked it up in the air with his cane, and pursued often such matters are protracted in public his walk. The next person who noticed it was an elderly man, simply dressed, who was hurrying to the public office in which accelerate the affair.' 'The best way would he had a place, because he was already late. He contrived, nevertheless, to spare so much time as was necessary to read the it up—there lies the difficulty.' Here a billet—raising his eyes to Heaven, as much pause succeeded. 'Might I request a favor as to say, 'this is no concern of mine,' he carefully replaced it in its former situation. of you?' resumed Eugenie with a look of tinued Eugenie, 'have solicited my hand, modest entreaty. 'I will do it with please perhaps because they thought me handsome, He was followed by a farmer-general, one of those moderate people who can clear I been aware of the circumstances. 'I the model which my imagination had picthree thousand livres a day-who, elated do not doubt it, said Eugenie, but I am tured. I lost my mother at an early age by their wealth, give themselves airs of not yet sufficiently acquainted with the My father became my friend. He permitsuch consequence—and of whom La Bruy-ers says they 'hem loud and spit far.' At Here her father entered the room. She told first he kicked the billet along with his foot, him of the object of the visit, and he re- always give such a turn as pleased.' Dubut his curiosity being excited, he took it up, threw his eyes over it with a scornful the stranger to dinner, any day that might memorial. 'That,' said she, 'I will presmile, amused himself in tearing it to pieces, be convenient. The day was appointed, at the same time muttering 'imposture!' and Dermont, for such was the name of The next morning a similar billet lay on the visitor, was punctual in attendance to do you mean to do with the author?' Du the same spot. The first person who read receive the promised instructions. The young couple, who had not long been mar- jects except the business which had brought ried, and picked up the billet. Julia, whose them together. The stranger thought had seriously interfered in the progress heart was at all times benevolently affected by distress, said to her husband, let us go by distress has a serious properties. my dear; what we can offer is little to be dinner, she detailed all the particulars of benevolent Julia. sure; but in many a case, a little may save the eause which he had undertaken. He the unfortunate from despair. 'Come listened to it with the utmost attention, let us go.' They accordingly went. Af- promised in two days to produce the meter they had found the specified number in morial, and was as good as his word. It the Rue Santonage, they learned that the was concise, clear, and energetic. Eugenie house was inhabited by an old physician read it with evident pleasure. 'It was who had retired from the practice, and was written with much warmth,' said she to thought to be rich, and an only daughter, herself, with great emphasis. Were I the distinguished for understanding and talents. minister you should be sure to gain your They ascended a handsome staircase, point.' Dumont blushed and stammered and was ushered into an apartment on the some reply. 'Complete your work,' conground floor, which was furnished, not tinued Eugenie, 'you know how powerful magnificently, but with great taste. They such a petition is, supported by impressive inquired for Eugenie de Mirande, and a words and actions on the part of the petilady, young, elegant and accomplished, tioner. Procure my friend an audience of

to be the haunt of the muses. Books, Dumont went away, and after an interval drawings, and musical instruments were of eight days, during which he had moved intermingled, and formed by no means an heaven and earth to accomplish his purpose, unpleasant contrast with the neatness and he exultingly entered Eugenie's apartment. order which every where else prevailed. 'To-morrow' said he, 'your friend will The young couple could not cenceive where be admitted. Let her only produce this persons in need of asssistance were to be note, and every door shall be thrown open to her-Eugenie thanked him with ardor. to her—Eugeme thanked him with ardor.

'I fear, madam,' said Julia, 'that we are wrong. We found a billet with your direction in the Tuilleries, and expected to meet a distressed person, to whom we might offer some relief; but all that we see, seems rather to indicate opulence than call for the

ing Eugenie any thing-it was likewise possible that he might be stimulated by some degree of curiosity to become acquainted with the mysterious incognitia. He promised to come the following day, to be introduced to Eugenie's friend. The night before this remarkable day, Eugenie made in payment. the following reflections; This young man evidently possesses a character and a good heart .- At first, indeed, he seemed not to take particular notice of me; but he has since made ample amends for his inattenyoung man's account of himself is strictly true in every respect; but that was manifest enough at the first look. The frankness and sincerity of his behaviour inspire confidence—I like his candor. But does he like me? Perhaps his heart is already engaged. Oh, no! no! In that case he would not have eyed me with looks so significant, that it is impossible to mistake their meaning.

Eugenie slept but little, rose early, dressed herself with more than usual care, and was more fascinating than ever. Dumont appeared at the appointed hour, looked about him, and asked, 'Is she not come yet?' 'No,' replied Eugenie with some emotion. 'Weli, then, I will wait.' He then took a chair, and seated himself beside her at the breakfast table. They began to speak on various topics, but some how or other the conversation was repeatedly broken off. Long pauses, filled up with eloquent looks alone, intervened. Dumont colored; he was sensible of it, and this consciousness would have quite confounded him had not Eugenie blushed too. This flattered his heart and gave him fresh courage. I cannot help blessing the accident,' he at length began, ' to which I am indebted for your acquaintance.' Eugenie's downcast eyes were fixed on his heaving bosom. 'Your kind behaviour, sir,' said she, ' has made a deep impression their turn, and a painful silence ensued. At length Dumont formed a heroic resolution. I know not whether I do right,' said he, but in truth I can no longer disguise my feelings, which you must, I dare say, long

since have guessed.' She had in reality long discovered them, but in such cases women never have compassion enough to shorten a poor fellow's embarrassment; it is absolutely necessary to speak out in plain terms; and thus Dumont also was at length obliged to pronounce love. No sooner was this barrier guarded by shame and timidity broken, than the conversation proceeded in its usual rapid course. Inquiries were made respecting erch other's taste, way of thinking, family connections, &c. and answers returned with such loquacious confidence and undisguised sincerity, that two hours passed unobserved, until at length Dumont recollected that the stranger was not yet come.' 'Neither will she come,' replied Eugenie. Dus mont's looks betrayed his surprise. 'Would you be really angry,' she resumed, 'if my whole story concerning my unfortunate friend was a fabrication....if it were invented to procure me if possible, the acquaintance of a man whose attachment to me should

not flow from any impure source?' Dumont started but without any appearance of anger. 'Many suitors,' conted me to make this trial-rather a bad one to be sure-to which, however, I could serve as an honorable monument of your talents and goodness of heart.' 'And what mont sunk at her feet, but she raised him in her arms, and a glowing embrace sealed the happiest union that was not originated by Cupid, though indeed, the little urchin

Boston, July 5th. Maine papers speak of the remarkable smokyness of the atmosphere, which appears to have prevailed there in a greater degree than here, particularly on Friday, when, according to the Portland Argus many persons at noon day were obliged to light candles to enable them to pursue their ordinary occupations. The phenomenon is attributed to the supposed prevalence of extensive fires in the forests, probably in the British Provinces where there has been little rain.

Steam Marriages .- It may be important to state that the proposed Preston and Glasgow Railway is to pass through Gretna Green. It will be easily possible to travel from London to the forge matri monial and back again to London on the same day, and what is perhaps of still so that persuit will be vain.

TERMS.

Ten shillings currency per year, payable at the ad of six months. If paid in advance ls. 3d.

To mail subscribers the postage will be charged

in addition. No paper discontinued, except at the discretion

of the publishers, until arrears are paid. RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Six lines and under, two shillings for the first insertion, and 6d. for every subsequent insertion. Above six lines and not exceeding ten, two shillings and nine pence; every subsequent insertion seven pence half penny.

Above ten lines, 3d per line for the first insertion, and one penny for each subsequent insertion. A liberal discount to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements not otherwise ordered will be nserted till forbid in writing and charged accordingly.

Communications must be addressed to JAMES MOIR FERRES, Editor; and if by mail, post paid.

STANDARD AGENTS,

W. Brent, Quebec. Daniel Campbell, Pigeon-hill. Elihu Crossett, St. Armand. Dr. H. N. May, Philipsburg. Galloway Freligh, Bedford. Capt. Jacob Ruiter, Nelsonville, Dunham. Albert Barney, P. M., Churchville. Jacob Cook, P. M., Brome. P. H. Knowiton, Brome. Samuel Wood, M. P. P., Farnham. Whipple Wells, Farnham. Henry Boright, Sutton. William Davis, Stanbridge Ridge. Maj. Isaac Wilsey, Henrysburg. Henry Wilson, La Cole. Levi A. Coit, Potton. Capt. John Powell, Richford, Vermont. Nathan Hale, Troy. Albert Chapman, Caldwells' Manor. Capt. Daniel Salls, parish of St. George. E. M. Toof, Burlington, Vt. Enos Bartlett, jun., East part of Sutton.

Persons, wishing to become Subscribers to the Missiskoui Standard, will please leave their names with any of the above Agents, to whom also, or at the Office in Frelighsburg, all payments must be made

REV. H. N. DOWNS' Vegetable Balsamic

ELIXIR; FOR

Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, Croup, Catarrh, Asthma, Whooping Cough, and all diseases of the Chest and Lungs.

PRICE 75 CENTS.

Sold wholesale by the Proprietor, at Georgia, Vt. and by J. CURTIS, Druggist, St. Albans, Vt. wholesale Agent, and Joint Proprietor,—where all orders at wholesale or retail, will meet with immediate attention.

A few bottles of this invaluable medicine may be had of Munson & Co. Missiskoui Bay, Beardsly and Goodnow, Henryville, Samuel Maynard, Dunham, and Levi Kemp, St. Armand.

BOOKS AND BOOK BENDING:

HE subscriber has just received and now fers for sale, a general assortment of SCHOOL & MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c.

which he will sell cheaper for cash than can be bought at any other establishment in this vicinity Ruling and Book-Binding in all its branches, executed with neatness and on reasonable terms. JAMES RUSSELL

St. Albans, Oct. 27, 1835.

TO THE AFFLICTED

DR. M. HATCH'S VEGETABLE PILL CATHOLICON the only

SAFE AND CERTAIN REMEDY FOR TNR

PILES

This medicine has stood the test of 20 years'ex perience in extensive private practice, and has stood without a rival since its introduction to the public for positively curing thistroublesome complaint. Price, 5 shillings.

EWEN'S ANTIBILIOUS AND CATHARTIC

PILLS:

an easy and safe family medicine for all bilious complaints; jaundice, flatulence, indigestion, fever and ague, costiveness, headache, diarrhoea, dyspepsia, or any disease arising from a deranged state of the stomach and bowels. Price, whole boxes 2s and 6d, halfboxes 1s and 3d.

DR. ASA HOLDRIDGE'S

GREEN PLASTER: for dressing and curing immediately allkinds of fresh cuts and wounds; which from its strong adhesive qualities supersedes all other kinds of dressings: and if the directions are strictly adher-ed to, will in no instance require a renewal. It is also advantageously used in cleansing and heal-ing allold sores and foululcers. Price, Is and 3d

DR. WARNER'S

INFALLIBLE ITCH OINTMENT. Warranted to contain not a particle of mercury or other deleterious drug; and if seasonably applied will require one application only!! Price

same day, and what is perhaps of still All the above are supported by abundant and greater consequence in an elopement, the rail road trains cannot overtake each other to the following agents, wherethe medicines may he purchased-

FRANKLIN STEREOTYPE

FOUNDRY

MITH, HARRINGTON & EATON, re. spectfully inform the printers of the Upper & Lower Provinces, andthe public generally, that having established a

STEREOTYPE FOUNDRY.

AT

BURLINGTON, Vt.

they hold themselves ready to execute any work which a kind public may feel disposed to favor them with. They hazard nothing in saying that they can do work cheaper, and in as good style as can be done at any Foundry, in the United States. Leads furnished at the Franklin Foundry, on the most reasonable terms.

A great variety of

CUTS

on hand and for sale at the F. S. F.

BLANKS of all kinds Stereotyped at short no tice. Old Type taken in pay for work, at 9 cents per pound.

College Street, Burlington Vt. January 12 1836.

TO THE PUBLIC. All kinds of Job Printing, executed at this office on the shortest notice. A good

supply of School certificates, blank deeds, &c. on hand, and at as low a rate as can be pur-chased at any other place.

Frelighsburg, February, 1836. Francisco and appropriation and a contraction of the contraction of th

26,000 SUBSCRIBERS!

PHILADFLPHIA MIRROR

HE splendid patronage awarded to the Philadelphia Saturday Courier, induces the editors to commence the publication, under the above title, of a quarto edition of their popular ournal, so long known to be the largest Family Newspaper in the United States, with a list of near TWENTY SIX THOUSAND SUB-SCRIBERS.—The new feature recent y intro-duced of furnishing their readers with new books with the best of literature of the day. ved so eminently successful, the plan will be continued. Six volumes of the celebrated writings of Captain Marryatt, and sixty-five of Mr. Brooks valuable letters from Europe, have already been published without interfering with its news and and miscellaneous reading. The Courier is the largest and cheapest family newspaper ever issued in this country, containing articles in Literature Science and Arts; Internal improvement; Age riculture; in short ever variety of topics us introduced into a public journal. Giving full accounts of sales, markets, and news of the lates, dates.

It is published at the low price of 2 dollars. For this small sum subscribers get valuable and entertaining matter, each week enough to fill a common book of 200 pages, and equal to 52 volumes a year, and which is estimated to be read, weekly, by at least two hundred thousand people, scattered in all parts of the country, from Maine to Florida, and from the sea board to the Lakes. The paper has been so long established as to rens der it too well known to require an extended der it too well known to require an extender prospectus, the publishers, will do no more than refer to the the two leading daily political papers of opposite politics. The Pennsylvanian says... 'The Saturday Courier is the largest, and one of the best family newspapers in the Union;' the other, the enquirer and Daily Courier, says, 'it is the largest journal published in Philadelphia. and one of the very best in the United States. The New York Star says we know of nothing more liberal on the part of the Editors, and no means more efficacious to draw out the dorman talents of our country, than their unexampled lib erality in offering literary prizes.

The Albany Mercury of March 30th, 1836, says, 'the Suturday Courier, is decidedly the best Family Newspaper ever published in this or any other country, and its value is duly appreciated by the public, if we may judge from its vast circulation, which exceeds 25,000 per week! Its contents are agreeably varied, and each number contains more really valuable 'reading matter' then is sublished in a week in any daily paper in ber contains more really valuable 'reading matter' than is published in a week in any daily paper in the Union.—Its mammoth dimensions enable its enterprising proprietors, Messrs. Woodward & Clarke of Philadelphia, to re-publish in its columns, in the course of the year, several of the most interesting new works that issue from the British press, which cannot fail to give to its permanent interest, and render it worthy of preservation. To meet the wishes, therefore of such of their subscaibers as desire to have their numbers bound, they have determined on issuing an edition of the Courier in the Quarto form, which will render it much more convenient for reading when it is bound in a volume, and thus greatly enhance its value.' enhance its value.'

THE QUARTO EDITION.

Under the title of the Philadelphia Mirror, will commence with the publication of the Prize Tale, to which was awarded the prize of one hundred dollars, written by Miss Leslie, editor of the splendid Annual the Token, and author of Penell Sketches and other valuable contributtons to Americhn Literature. A large number of songs, poems, tales, &c. offered in competition for the 500 dollars premiums, will add value and interest to the succeeding numbers, which will also be enriched by a story from Miss Sedgewick, author of Hope Leslie, The Linwoods, &c., whose talents have been so justly and extensively appreciated, both at home and abroad.

This approved FAMILY NEWSPAPER is entirely neutral in religious and political matters, and the uncompromising opponent of quackery of every kind.

MAPS.

In addition to all of which the publishers intend furnishing their patrons with a series of engraved Maps, embracing the twenty-five States of the Union, &c exhibiting the situation, &c. of rivers, towns, mountains, lakes, the sea board, internal improvements, as displayed in canals. rail roads &c., with other interesting and useful features, roads distances, &c. forming a complete Atlas for general use and information, handsomely executed, and each distinct map on a large quarto sheet at an expense which nothing but the splendid patronage which for six years past has been so generously extended to them, could warrant.

The Philadelphia Saturday Courier is still con-The Philadelphia Saturday Courier is still continued in its large form at the same price as here tofore. The Philadelphia Mirror being a quarte edition of the Saturday Courier, with its increased attractions, and printed on the best fine white white paper of the same size as the New York Alsion, will be put at precisely one half the price of that valuable journal, viz; Three dollars per annum, payable in advance, (including the Maps.) WOODWARD & CLARKE. Philadelphia,